AAMI Consensus Report

End User Disclosures for Emergency Use Ventilators (EUVs)

AAMI/CR502:2020
End user disclosures for emergency use ventilators (EUVs)

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Approved 8 April 2020 by AAMI

Abstract: Identifies high priority hazards and their causes to be considered in development and the information to be disclosed by Emergency Use Ventilator (EUV) manufacturers to the end user. These are based on the hazards identified in IEC 60601-1 and ISO 80601-2-80.

Keywords: COVID-19
AAMI Consensus Report

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Comments on this technical information report are invited and should be sent to AAMI, Attn: Standards Department, 901 N. Glebe Rd, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203-1633.

Published by

AAMI
901 N. Glebe Rd., Suite 300
Arlington, VA 22203-1633
www.aami.org

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Printed in the United States of America

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Task Group representation

Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation

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This AAMI Consensus Report (CR) was developed by a task group under the auspices of the AAMI COVID-19 Response Team.

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NOTE—Participation by federal agency representatives in the development of this document does not constitute endorsement by the federal government or any of its agencies.
Acknowledgments

AAMI gratefully acknowledges the writing team members, Julian Goldman, Dave Osborn, Anthony Ciccarello and Sandy Weininger for their outstanding and expeditious work in preparing these drafts for committee review and approval.
End user disclosures for emergency use ventilators (EUVs)

Purpose

The goal of this document is to identify high priority hazards and their causes to be considered in development and the information to be disclosed by Emergency Use Ventilator (EUV) manufacturers to the end user. These are based on the hazards identified in IEC 60601-1 and ISO 80601-2-80.

NOTE This document is intended to be used in conjunction with AAMI CR501:2020, Emergency use ventilator (EUV) design guidance.

1 Electrical Shock Hazard

Purpose: to ensure adequate patient and operator safety in terms of shock (leakage current, dielectric strength, ground continuity).

Disclosures:

• List AC input power requirements of the EUV (voltage, frequency, amperes).
• DC power input requirement, if applicable.
• Indicate the electrical classification of EUV:
  o Class I (EUV has a protective earth connection with a 3-wire power cord)
  o Class II (EUV does not have a protective earth ground but is double insulated with a 2-wire power cord)
  o Internally powered (powered by a rechargeable battery inside the EUV or external to EUV)
    Note An EUV can have more than one classification e.g., Class II/internally powered.
• If the power supply connected to mains power is not medical grade (i.e., IEC 60601-1 compliant), describe the means used to reduce leakage currents to IEC 60601-1 limits (e.g. use of an isolation transformer, second permanently installed protective earth connection).
• If the power supply connected to mains power is Class I, add a warning:

1 IEC 60601-1, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance
2 ISO 80601-2-80, Medical electrical equipment - Part 2-80: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance of ventilatory support equipment for ventilatory insufficiency
Warning: This ventilator relies on the integrity of the protective earth ground to reduce the risk of electrical shock. Check the integrity and verify the function of the protective earth ground of the supply mains receptacle prior to use.

- Describe the type of patient connection: basic, basic floating, cardiac floating (type B, BF or CF) and defibrillation-proof.

2 Mechanical Hazards

a) Purpose: to ensure that the EUV can withstand mechanical stresses from being carried or wheeled while being transported indoors or outdoors.

Disclosures:

- Identify the mobility of the EUV:
  - Transit operable: EUV is intended to operate while being moved.
  - Portable: EUV is intended to be carried (but not operating) from one location to another.
  - Mobile: EUV is intended to be wheeled (but not operating) from one location to another.

b) Purpose: to ensure that the moving parts of the EUV do not pose an unacceptable risk to the patient or operator.

Disclosures:

- If the EUV has wheels, assess the stability and disclose the safe angle before tipping occurs.
- Identify any trapping zones (e.g. trapping fingers, hair, PPE) and how they are guarded.

3 Environmental Hazards

Purpose: to ensure that the EUV can be stored and operated in its intended environment.

Disclosures:

- Indicate the temperature/humidity/altitude range over which the EUV is intended to operate and meets its specifications.
- Indicate the intended range of conditions (temperature/humidity specifications) in which the EUV can be stored.

4 Reuse Hazards

Purpose: to reduce the risk of cross contamination.

Disclosures:

- Describe the cleaning and disinfection procedures needed between uses and between patients for both the EUV and the accessories.
- Description of location and specifications of required EUV particle filters and replacement intervals.
5 **Biocompatibility**

Purpose: to reduce the risk of biological reaction to foreign substances.

**Disclosures:**

- For the gas pathway, indicate if any biocompatibility evaluations were performed per ISO 18562 (series)³.
- For parts intended to touch the patient, indicate if any biocompatibility evaluations were performed per ISO 10993 (series)⁴.

6 **Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)**

Purpose: to ensure that the EUV is adequately protected from electromagnetic emissions from other electrical sources (e.g. cell phones, ESD) and to ensure that the EUV does not interfere with the operation of other nearby electronic medical devices.

**Disclosures:**

- Indicate if any EMC testing was performed and identify the standards (e.g., IEC 60601-1-2⁵) to which the EUV was evaluated.
- If EMC testing has not been performed, add a warning:

>This ventilator has not been tested for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). It may produce electromagnetic disturbances that will affect the performance of other equipment. It may fail to perform as expected in the presence of electromagnetic disturbances from other equipment.

7 **Alarm System**

Purpose: to reduce the risk to the patient by alerting the caregiver of a hazardous situation.

**Disclosures:**

- Describe the functionality of the alarm system.
- List available alarm conditions, their relative priority and default alarm limits.
- Describe the visual alarm signals (e.g. text message) for each alarm condition.
- Describe the auditory alarm signals and how to discriminate between their priorities.
- Describe the default alarm settings (e.g. latched, not latched alarm signals, alarm condition disabled).
- Indicate the means by which the auditory alarm signal can be inactivated and for how long.

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³ ISO 18562, *Biocompatibility evaluation of breathing gas pathways in healthcare applications*

⁴ ISO 10993, *Biological evaluation of medical devices*

8  **Accuracy of controls**

Purpose: to reduce the risk of hazardous output from the EUV to the patient.

Disclosures:

- List of displayed parameters: e.g., pressure, tidal volume, respiratory rate.
- Describe how the displayed parameters are measured or determined.
- List the accuracy of therapy parameters.

9  **Accessories**

Purpose: to ensure the safe use of the EUV with compatible accessories

Disclosures:

- List of recommended accessories and their replacement intervals e.g. tubing, patient interface, filters, replacement batteries.

10  **Programmable Electrical Medical Systems**

Purpose: to ensure that the software operates safely and as specified.

Disclosures:

- Indicate whether the software was developed under a controlled life cycle process (e.g., IEC 62304\(^6\)).
- List any known unresolved software anomalies and workarounds.
- Indicate:

  Due to the rapid development cycle for this emergency use device, all efforts were made to verify the software, but defects may still exist. The consequences of these defects are unknown and may pose a risk to the patient.

11  **Risk Management Process**

Purpose: to ensure risks were comprehensively identified and adequately managed.

Disclosures:

- Indicate whether the EUV design has been developed using a risk management process (e.g., ISO 14971\(^7\)).

12  **Other hazards**

Purpose: to reduce the risk of thermal injury or other events.

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\(^6\) IEC 62304, *Medical device software — Software life cycle processes*

\(^7\) ISO 14971, *Medical devices - Application of risk management to medical devices*
Disclosures:

- If applicable, indicate the battery specifications including:
  - the type of battery and chemistry;
  - a description of the means to determine the status of the battery (e.g., charging, low battery indicator);
  - conformance to applicable standards (e.g., IEC 62133\(^8\) for rechargeable batteries or IEC 60086-4\(^9\) for non-rechargeable batteries).

- Indicate the ingress protection (IP) of the EUV enclosure: IP 22 is recommended (protection against foreign objects ≥ 12.5 mm and against dripping (15° tilted) water).

- Indicate if the EUV is suitable for use in an oxygen enriched environment > 25 % O\(_2\) (are adequate protections in place to reduce risk of fire ignition).

- If the EUV contains oxygen at pressures exceeding 5 bar, the protections taken to ensure that auto-ignition from adiabatic compression cannot occur (e.g., parts of the EUV operating at pipeline pressure).

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\(^8\) IEC 62133, *Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes – Safety requirements for portable sealed secondary cells, and for batteries made from them, for use in portable applications*

\(^9\) IEC 60086-4, *Primary batteries – Part 4: Safety of lithium batteries*